

# Making Supplier Energy Waste Streams Transparent

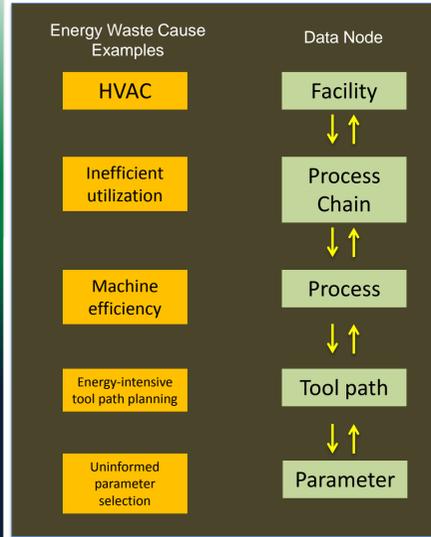
Funding Sources: Industrial Affiliates of LMAS

Kevin M. Ninomiya © 2014 LMAS contact email: kevinmniya@berkeley.edu

## Motivations and Objectives

- Regulatory agencies and compliance measures have obligated manufacturers to reduce their corporate-wide environmental impact in the recent years, with economic penalties and social stigma otherwise.
- Manufacturers undertake constant, inherent risk of affecting their environmental footprint while they depend on suppliers.
- Frameworks for energy audits are undefined between production enterprises and are dependent on self-reported, unit-inconsistent data by individual suppliers.
- This project aims to develop an energy auditing methodology which enables energy streams to be more transparent for detecting waste points and suggesting improvements.
- This framework may be used in applications such as supplier selection by manufacturers and/or footprint improvements by non-compliant suppliers.

## Supplier Google Earth View



- In order to understand and potentially make point-detection of energy wastes, both manufacturers and suppliers can label their energy streams into a energy data hierarchy, analogous to a Google Earth View.
- An energy waste cause can be hypothesized for actual assessment afterward.
- Examples are provided

## Parameter Level

### Detection

- Sensors**
  - Power Meters
  - Watt node
- Functional Unit**
  - Volume,  $V$  [mm<sup>3</sup>]
- Parameters**
  - Material Removal Rate,  $MRR$  [mm<sup>3</sup>/s]
    - Width of cut,  $w$  [mm]
    - Depth of cut,  $d$  [mm]
    - Feed rate,  $f$  [mm/s]

### Suggested Improvement

- Model Characterization**

$$E = \left( \frac{k}{MRR} + b \right) * V$$
- Energy Prediction**

$$E_x = N * \Delta t \sum_{i=1}^N (k + b * MRR_{avg,i})$$

Ref: (Diaz et. al., 2012)

## Tool Path Level

### Detection

- Sensors**
  - Power Meters
  - Yokogawa, 3P313W
- Functional Unit**
  - Volume,  $V$  [mm<sup>3</sup>]



Image Credit: keison.co.uk

### Suggested Improvement

- Tool path Optimization**
  - Traveling Salesman

Ref: (Chen et. al. Presentation, 2013)

## Process Level

### Detection

- Sensors**
  - Watt node / MT Connect
- Functional Unit**
  - Machine Energy Consumption,  $E_m$  [J]

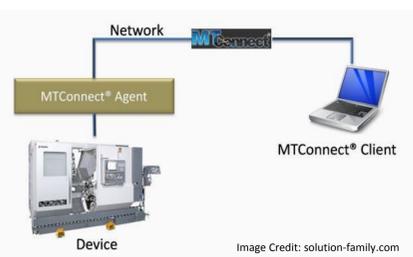


Image Credit: solution-family.com

### Suggested Improvement

- Energy Categorization**
  - Processing Energy
  - Process Block Examples
    - Milling
    - Drilling
    - Turning
  - Embedded Energy

Ref: (Dornfeld, 2010)

## Process Chain Level

### Example Process Chain



Ref: (Robinson, 2013)

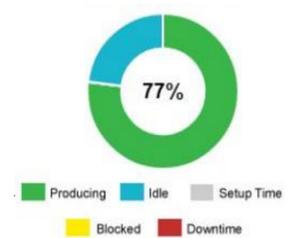
### Detection

- Functional Unit**
  - Value-added Time per Machine,  $t_m$  [sec.]

### Suggested Improvement

- Process Chain Optimization**

### Machine Utilization

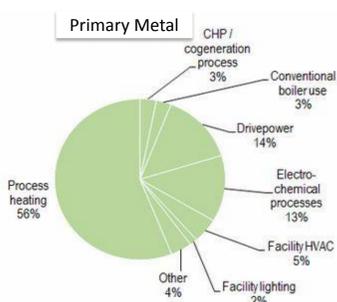


Ref: (D'Alessio et. al. Presentation, 2014)

## Facility Level

### Detection

- Functional Unit**
  - Factory Energy Demand,  $E$  [kJ]



### Suggested Improvement

- Improved Factor Design and Utility Planning:**
  - Near
    - Equipment Maintenance
    - Ex: Inspect HVAC gasket
  - Long
    - Equipment Upgrade
    - Ex: Waste-heat recovery system

Image Credit and Ref.: esource.com

## Summary and Future Work

- Manufacturers must understand their suppliers' energy stream through defined data collection standards in order to make accurate assessments.
- This study assumed level-discrete energy waste; hence, neglecting data uncertainty based on accuracy nor precision.
- Users are encouraged to utilize this framework as preliminary point-source detection-to-improvement method.
- Data uncertainties and error propagation will be considered as part of future work.